



Diabetes Screening for People with Schizophrenia or Bipolar Disorder Who Are Using Antipsychotic Medications (SSD)

Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS®) measure overview

People with schizophrenia or bipolar disorder who take antipsychotic medications are at increased risk of diabetes. The intent of the SSD measure is to improve the diabetes screening rate for this vulnerable population. Earlier identification and treatment of diabetes can improve physical health and quality of life.

Who is included in the SSD measure?

- Patients 18 to 64 who had one acute inpatient stay or two outpatient visits with a diagnosis of schizophrenia, schizoaffective or bipolar disorder and take antipsychotic medications

What actions qualify for compliance?

- When patients complete a glucose test or HbA1c test

Exclusions

- Patients with diabetes

What can providers do to improve the compliance rate?

- Educate patients and caregivers about the increased risk of diabetes with antipsychotic medication, importance of screening for diabetes and symptoms of new onset diabetes
- Order a diabetes screening test annually and complete during the visit when possible (Behavioral health providers with lab-order ability can order diabetes lab tests for patients who do not have regular contact with their primary care physician.)
- Communicate and coordinate care between primary care physicians and behavioral health providers by requesting or communicating test results
- Reach out to enrollees who cancel appointments and assist with rescheduling as soon as possible
- Refer patients to Care Management (**888-285-1114 (TTY: 711)**) for additional support and treatment adherence

SSD Antipsychotic Medications

Description	Prescription
Miscellaneous antipsychotics	Aripiprazole, Asenapine, Brexpiprazole, Cariprazine, Clozapine, Haloperidol, Iloperidone, Loxapine, Lurasidone, Molindone, Olanzapine, Paliperidone, Quetiapine, Risperidone, Ziprasidone
Phenothiazine antipsychotics	Chlorpromazine, Fluphenazine, Perphenazine, Prochlorperazine, Thioridazine, Trifluoperazine
Psychotherapeutic combinations	Amitriptyline-perphenazine
Thioxanthenes	Thiothixene
Long-acting injections	Aripiprazole, Fluphenazine decanoate, Haloperidol decanoate, Olanzapine, Paliperidone palmitate, Risperidone

The information offered in this flyer is based on HEDIS technical specifications. It is not meant to replace your clinical judgment.